

Lesson Exemplar for Mathematics













Lesson Exemplar for Mathematics Grade 1 Quarter 1: Week 4

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MATATAG	School	Grade Level	One
K to 10 Curriculum	Name of Teacher	Learning Area	Mathematics
Weekly Lesson Log	Teaching Dates and Time	Quarter	1

	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4				
I. CURRICULUM CONTENT, STANDARDS, AND LESSON COMPETENCIES								
A. Content Standards B. Performance	Mathematics 1 First Quarter: Number and Algebra The learners should have knowledge and understanding of simple two-dimensional shapes and their features. The learner should have knowledge and understanding of whole numbers up to 100.							
Standards	The learner should have kind	wreage and anaerstanding or wr	iole framoero ap to 100.					
C. Learning Competencies	The learners should be able to; 1. read and write numbers from 1 up to 100. 2. recognize and represent numbers up to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models (e.g. number line, block or bar models, and numerals). 3. compare two numbers up to 20.	The learners should be able to; 1. read and write numbers from 1 up to 100. 2. recognize and represent numbers up to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models (e.g. number line, block or bar models, and numerals). 3. compare two numbers up to 20.	The learners should be able to; 1. read and write numbers from 1 up to 100. 2. recognize and represent numbers up to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models (e.g. number line, block or bar models, and numerals). 3. compare two numbers up to 20.	The learners should be able to; 1. read and write numbers from 1 up to 100. 2. recognize and represent numbers up to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models (e.g. number line, block or bar models, and numerals). 3. compare two numbers up to 20.				
D. Learning Objectives E. Instructional	At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to read and write numbers 1 up to 50. Collaboration, Connection,	At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to read and write numbers 51 up to 100. Collaboration, Connection,	At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to recognize and represent numbers 1 to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models (e.g., number line, block or bar, model, and numerals. Collaboration, Connection,	At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to use the phrases "less than", "more than", and "as many as" in comparing two numbers up to 20. Collaboration,				
Design framework feature (s)	Context, Creativity	Context, Creativity	Context, Creativity	Connection, Context, Creativity				





		T	1	T
F. 21st Century	Reflective Thinking, Visual,	Visual, Digital, and	Reflective Thinking,	Reflective Thinking,
Skills	Digital, and Interactive	Interactive Literacy	Visual, Digital, and	Digital, and Interactive
Skills	Literacy,		Interactive Literacy,	Literacy
II. CONTENT				
III. LEARNING RESO	URCES			
	https://www.youtube.com/			
	watch?v=7121cYEEfm8			
	https://www.youtube.com/			
	watch?v=Fwts6Y22tTE			
	https://www.lessonplanet.c			
	om/teachers/patterns-of-			
A. References	<u>2s-5s-and-10s</u>			
	https://www.twinkl.com.ph			
	/resource/winter-themed-			
	greater-than-or-less-than-			
	up-to-20-activity-sheet-t-n-			
	<u>7282</u>			
	https://www.mathsdiary.co	Butaran, Rosario, et. al. RBS		
B. Other	m/count-the-objects-and-	Mathematics Series Number		
Learning	write-the-number-and-	Smart 1. Rex Bookstiore Inc.		
Resources	<u>number-name/</u>	2015		
IV. TEACHING AND	LEARNING PROCEDURES			
Before/Pre-Lesson P				
,	Call Out Loud!	Simple recall: Watch the video	Use Rote Counting for the	Let the learners identify
	The learners will be asked to	"Guess the numbers from 40	recall of the previous	which set of materials is
	form a circle and do any of	to 50"	lesson. The teacher	greater. Use two tables
	these activities for recall:	https://www.youtube.com/w	randomly calls the	with different toys or
A stinguling of Duis or	a. Count 1 to 20, two or	atch?v=H-kJnZy-7xo	learners to recite the next	school supplies that will
Activating Prior	more times. For fun,		5 numbers of the given	make the students count.
Knowledge	count faster each time.	Let the students guess the	number.	Use manipulative devices
	b. Counting Forward: Stand	number. The teacher may		that show greater than
	and call out a number in	opt to pause the video so the		(like alligator's teeth or
	turn. Do this with a	students may answer the		Pacman) so that students
	group. Example: You say	questions.		·





	10, your 11 c. Counting Count in sit down Example your sea	g Ban reverse a one at a conce at	ackward: as you a time. say 14, ys 13		ead, a			umbe	rs	To recognize and represent	can decide on the position of the symbols. To use the phrases "less
Lesson Purpose/Intention	from 1 to 50				51 to					numbers 1 to 100 using a variety of concrete and pictorial models	than", "more than", and "as many as" in comparing two numbers from 1 up to 20.
Lesson Language Practice	number nar	mes from	one to	1	ber n ie hui			fifty-	one	number names from one to one hundred	"less than", "more than", and "as many as"
During/Lesson Prope				10 01	ie nui	lared	L			to one nunarea	and as many as
Reading the Key Idea/Stem	The teacher table of num and will asl read and and and and and and and and and a	mbers from the learnalyze. 3	5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50	51 56 61 66 71 76 81 86 91	51 - 52 57 62 67 72 77 82 87 92 97	53 58 63 68 73 78 83 88 93	54 59 64 69 74 79 84 89 94	55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100	bers	Present a story for counting 1-100. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MumTZ3IK2Rs Counting to 100 using your imagination	Watch a video on arranging numbers. Compare and arrange the number of stickers. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y3OZZ_V6XME
Developing Understanding of the Key Idea/Stem	Questions/Activities: 1. Let the learners read the number.				stions uest t				oer	Questions/Activities:	Questions/Activities:





- 2. Can you write these numbers in words?
- 3. By pair, ask them to select 2 numbers from 1 to 10. Let them write on the board their selected numbers in symbols and in words.
- 4. Read the following number words

11	eleven	16	sixteen
12	twelve	17	seventeen
13	thirteen	18	eighteen
		19	nineteen
15	fifteen	20	twenty

Notice that some words here start with the other number words. Can you identify them?

5. Can you also read the following?

20	twenty	25	twenty- five §
21	twenty-one	26	twenty-six
22	twenty-two	27	twenty-seven
23	twenty-three	28	twenty-eight
24	twenty-four	29	twenty-nine

How are the number words written?

2. Look closely at numbers 1. Present 51 to 100 and find the secret number. pictorial

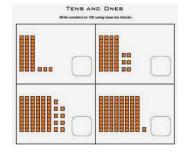
Instructions:

- a. Cross out the numbers from 78 to 83.
- b. Cross out the numbers from 97 to 99.
- c. Cross out the numbers ending in 2 and 6
- d. Cross out the numbers ending in 6
- e. Cross out 88 and the eight numbers around it.
- f. Cross out the rows containing the numbers 55
- g. What is the secret number?
- 3. Ask students to sing the song of counting 1- 100. https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=Fwts6Y22tTE
- 4. Present to learners the number names of each number from fifty-one to one hundred. Let them read one-by-one.
- 5. Using the chart below, let the learners match

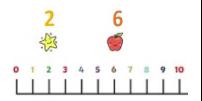
. Present different samples of concrete and pictorial models to be answered by students orally.

Examples:





- different 1. What have you learned about arranging the numbers?
 - 2. Given the sample number line below, how would you compare the numbers identified above it?



Ask the learners what symbol is appropriate between 2 and 6.

Give more examples of comparing numbers from 1 to 20 through number line, manipulatives and numerals.





6. Read the words below:

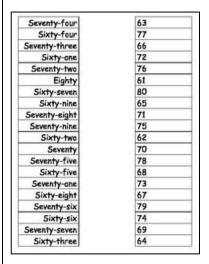
30 thirty 35 thirty-five
31 thirty-one 36 thirty-six
32 thirty-two 37 thirty-seven
33 thirty-three 38 thirty-eight

39 thirty-nine

34 thirty-four

Are you ready to write the numbers in words from 40 to 50? Ask the students to write their chosen numbers on the board.

numbers (symbols and words) Example:



6. The teacher divides the class into small groups. Each group should have a jumping rope. Each group member will take turns in the jumping rope until each has completed 100 jumps. If a member fails to complete 100, he/she will repeat and will start from 1.



However, he/she may ask another member to do it for him/her if he/she has



Deepening Understanding of the Key Idea/ Stem	Ask the learners to answer the following: Count the number of objects in each set, write its number name. Count the number of objects in each set, write the number in the box provided and write its number name.	difficulty completing the task. The group wins if all members complete 100 jumps. Ask the learners to write the next numbers: 1. 11, 12,,,,,,, _	Present the following to the learners. 21 26 28 29 20 32 32 33 37 37 - How do you write the numbers represented by the base 10 blocks? - Which among the given numbers is the correct representation of the blocks on the right? - Can you also write the corresponding words of the correct answer in each illustration?	Ask the learners to answer the following: Greater Than or Less Than Count the winter-themed objects in each box. Than, draw the correct symbol in the middle box to show which is greater. Remember - the crocodile always wants to eat the bigger number. The first one has been done for you.			
After/Post Legger De		,		*****			
AILET/ POST-LESSON PTO	After/Post-Lesson Proper						
Making Generalizations and Abstractions	To summarize the lesson, the teacher will randomly show flashcards containing numbers 1 to 50 mixed with number names. The teacher may choose which row will answer first. As much as	To summarize the lesson, the teacher will randomly show flashcards containing numbers 51 to 100 mixed with number names. The teacher may choose which row will answer first. As much	Ask learners to read the following:	Ask the learners to answer the following:			







	possible, all students will have a chance to read the number flashed to them.	as possible, all students will have a chance to read the number flashed to them.	Numbers can be read and written in symbols and words, We can skip count by 2s, 5s, and 10s. Also, numbers have many uses in our daily life. Let us read: Counting numbers is fun. Counting objects is easy. Counting blessings is a grace. Thank God for these blessings.	Greater than, Less than or Equal to WORKSHEET #2 (0 - 200) Salve the equation by writing greater than (c), less than (c) or equal to (v) 5 > 3 , 5 < 9 , 6 = 6
Evaluating Learning	Ask the learners to do LAS 1.	Ask the learners to do LAS 2 letter A.	Ask the learners to do LAS 3.	1
Additional Activities for Application or Remediation (if applicable)	Give the learners the following situation: How do you count using the long hand of the clock by hour? Let us count when the long hand moves: 1, 2, 3,,,,,,,	Ask the learners to do LAS 2 letters B and C.	Ask learners to answer the following: Number Names Write the Number Names for the following: 34 57 45 80 72 4 24 30 48 81	Let the learners answer this: Circle > or < symbol. The symbol points to the number that is less
Remarks				
Reflection				



