

# Lesson Exemplar for Mathematics













# Lesson Exemplar for Mathematics Grade 1 Quarter 1: Week 8

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MATATAG	School		Grade Level	One
K to 10 Curriculum	Name of Teacher	L	Learning Area	Mathematics
Weekly Lesson Log	Teaching Dates and Time		Quarter	1

	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4
I. CURRICULUM CONTENT, STANDARDS, AND LESSON COMPETENCIES				
A. Content Standards	The learners should have the knowledge and understanding of addition of numbers with sums up to 20.			
B. Performance Standards	By the end of the quarter, the with sums up to 20	learners can compare and or	der numbers up to 20 and per	form addition of numbers
C. Learning Competencies	<ul> <li>Illustrate by applying the following properties of addition, using sums up to 20:         <ul> <li>a. the sum of zero and any number is equal to the number; and,</li> <li>b. changing the order of the addends does not change the sum.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solve problems (given orally or in pictures) involving addition with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Illustrate by applying the following properties of addition, using sums up to 20:         <ul> <li>a. the sum of zero and any number is qual to the number; and,</li> <li>b. changing the order of the addends does not change the sum.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solve problems (given orally or in pictures) involving addition with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Illustrate by applying the following properties of addition, using sums up to 20:         <ul> <li>a. the sum of zero and any number is equal to the number; and,</li> <li>b. changing the order of the addends does not change the sum.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solve problems (given orally or in pictures) involving addition with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Illustrate by applying the following properties of addition, using sums up to 20:         <ul> <li>a. the sum of zero and any number is equal to the number; and,</li> <li>b. changing the order of the addends does not change the sum.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solve problems (given orally or in pictures) involving addition with</li> </ul>
c. Learning Objectives	sums up to 20.  At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to apply the order property of addition.	sums up to 20.  At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to apply the zero properties of addition.	sums up to 20.  At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to apply order and zero properties in memorizing addition facts.	sums up to 20.  At the end of the lesson, the learners should be able to solve problems involving addition of numbers 1 up to 20
E. Instructional Design framework feature (s)	Collaboration, Connection, Context, Creativity	Collaboration, Connection, Context, Creativity	Collaboration, Connection, Context, Creativity	Collaboration, Connection, Context, Creativity





F. 21st Century	Visual, Reflective Thinking,	Visual, Reflective Thinking,	Visual, Reflective Thinking,	Visual, Reflective Thinking,
Skills	and Interactive Literacy	and Interactive Literacy	and Interactive Literacy	and Interactive Literacy
II. CONTENT				
III. LEARNING RESO	URCES			
A. References				
B. Other				
Learning				
Resources				
IV. TEACHING AND I	LEARNING PROCEDURES			
Before/Pre-Lesson Pr	roper			
	Directions:	Directions:	Directions:	Directions:
	Answer the following:	Write an addition	Tell whether the Addition	Using flashcards, let the
	1. What is the addition	sentence that shows the	sentence shows <b>Order</b>	learners give the sum for
	sentence for the given	order property of the addition sentence on the	<b>Property</b> or <b>Zero Property</b> of Addition.	each addition sentence.
	picture story?	left.	of Addition.	A. 2+ 5
	(a) (b) (a)	leit.	A. $9 + 0 = 9$	A. 2+ 5
		A. 3 + 6 = +	A. 9 · 0 - 9	B. 9 + 8
	and are are			Б. 9 1 0
		9 = 9	B. 2+5 = 5+2	C. 7 + 6
	2. If you combine the			
	pictures from Set A	0.0.7	7 = 7	D. 9 + 9
Activating Prior	and Set B, what is the	C. 8 + 7 = +		
Knowledge	total number of	15 = 15	C. $7 + 3 = 3 + 7$	E. 1 + 8
	pictures?		C. 7 + 3 = 3 + 7	
	Set A Set B		10 = 10	
	Set A Set B	D. 9 + 3 = +		
		12 = 12	D. 0 + 11 = 11	
			D. 0 + 11 = 11	
			E. 18 + 0 = 18	
			<b>D.</b> 10 · 0 = 10	
	3. What is the result if			
	you put together the 5			
	red balloons and 4			





	1-:4 111			1
	white balloons?			
	4. What is the sum of 8 +			
	7?			
	5. What is 10 and 6			
	more?			
	To make the learners realize	To make the learners	To make the learners	To make the learners
	that changing the position of	realize that when zero is	realize that one can apply	understand the steps in
Lesson	the addends of an addition	added to a number, or a	the concept of Order	solving word problems
Purpose/Intention	sentence does not affect the	number is added to zero,	property and Zero	involving addition.
Turpose/Intertitori	sum	the sum will be the given	properties in memorizing	
		number.	Addition facts	
	Addition, changing, order	Addition, changing, order	Addition, changing, order	Addition, changing, order
Lesson Language	property, position	property, zero property	property, zero property,	property, zero property,
Practice	r ir ig, r i i	1 -1 -5 -5 - 1 -1 -5	Addition facts	Addition facts, solving word
				problem
<b>During/Lesson Prope</b>	r			
	Myka and Tina went to Agora	Allen has one blue box and	Teacher Rose had a game in	It was Amira's 7 <sup>th</sup> birthday
	Market to buy their favorite	one red box. The blue box	Grade 1-Sampaguita on	last Sunday. There were 6
	fruits. Myka bought 6	has 8 old toys while the red	Addition of numbers with	boys and 9 girls among her
Reading the Key	mangoes and 4 papayas.	box is empty. He puts the	the sum up to 20. Bella and	classmates who attended her
Idea/Stem	Tina bought 4 oranges and 6	boxes in the stock room.	Mira were the first pair in	party. They joined in the
laed/Stem	bananas. Each girl put the		the game. Mira answered 8	different games and had fun
	fruits they bought in their		while Bella answered 2 out	together. How many
	basket.		of the 10 questions. Mira	classmates in all attended
			won the game.	Amira' Birthday Party?
	Ask the learners to answer	Ask the learners to	Ask the learners to	Let the learners answer the
	the following questions:	answer the following	answer the following	questions:
	1. Why did Myka and	questions:	questions:	1. Whose 7 <sup>th</sup> birthday was
	Tina go to Agora	1. Who has two boxes?	<ol> <li>What did Teacher</li> </ol>	it last Sunday?
Developing	Market?	2. Describe the two	Rose do with her	2. How many boys and
Understanding of the	2. What fruits did each	boxes.	Grade 1-	girls among her
Key Idea/Stem	girl buy?	3. If you have old toys,	Sampaguita pupils?	classmates attended the
	3. The two girls bought	will you put them in	2. How many correct	party?
	their favorite fruits. If	the box and keep	answers did	3. Why did the children
	you were asked to buy	them in the	Bella/Mira get? Who	have fun together?
	fruits, what fruits	stockroom? Why?	won the game?	







	would you buy?		3. Do you also want to win in a game? What should you do to win?	
Deepening Understanding of the Key Idea/Stem	Let the learners visualize the Order Property of Addition using the following guide questions:  1. What fruits did Myka buy? (6 mangoes and 4 papayas)  2. How many fruits did Myka buy in all? Write the number sentence. (6 + 4 = 10)  3. What fruits did Tina buy? (4 oranges and 6 bananas)  4. How many fruits did she buy in all? Write the number sentence. (4 + 6 = 10)	Let the learners visualize the Zero Property of Addition using the following guide questions:  1. How many toys are there inside the blue box? 2. What can you say about the red box? 3. Write the Addition sentence to show the contents of the two boxes.  (8 + 0 = 8)	Let the learners realize the advantage of using the Order and Zero properties in adding numbers.  1. Why did Mira win the game against Bella? 2. What did Mira use or apply to give the correct answers? 3. Are learning the properties of addition such as Order and Zero properties important? Why? 4. Give exercises in Addition by asking the pupils to answer the window cards in Addition # 2.	Let the learners learn the steps in solving word problems.  1. What is asked?  Number of Amira's classmates who attended the party  2. What are given?  6 boys, 9 girls  3. What is the word clue?  in all  4. What is the operation to be used?  Addition  5. What is the number sentence?  6 + 9 = N  6. What is the solution?  6 + 9 = 15  7. What is the answer?  15 classmates in all
	5. In the first addition sentence 6+4=10 and in the second addition sentence 4+6 =10. Why do you think the two addition sentences get the same sum?	<ul> <li>4. Why is the sum still 8? (because the red box is empty)</li> <li>This is called Zero Property of Addition</li> <li>5. Give exercises on Zero Property of Addition.</li> </ul>		Give more exercises on solving word problems involving Addition following the steps.  (LAS 4 Problem Solving 1)





(Because the addends of the two addition sentences are the same numbers. The addends just changed their position or order). This is called Order Property of Addition.

- 6. Give more examples to show the Order Property of Addition.
  - A. Write the sum for each Addition sentence.

$$3 + 5 = 5 + 3$$

B. Give another addition sentence to show the Order Property of Addition

6. Give the sum of the following:

A. 
$$9 + 0 = ____$$

C. 
$$7 + 0 = _{--}$$

# After/Post-Lesson Proper

Making Generalizations and Abstractions What is Order Property of Addition?

**Order Property of Addition** 

tells us that changing the order or position of the addends of an addition sentence does not change the sum.

What is Zero property of Addition?

Zero Property of Addition

tells us that when zero is added to a number, or a number is added to zero, the sum will be the given number. Why is it important to apply order and zero properties in memorizing addition facts?

One needs to use or apply **Order and Zero Properties of Addition** in memorizing Addition facts for him/her to be able to give the correct sum in addition equations.

How do we solve word problems involving Addition?

We solve word problems involving addition by following the steps:

- 1. What is asked?
- 2. What are given?
- 3. What is the word clue?
- 4. What is the operation to







				be used? 5. What is the number sentence? 6. What is the solution? 7. What is the answer?
Evaluating Learning	Write the missing number to show the <b>Order Property of Addition.</b> A. 6 + 2 = 2 + 6  = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Write the correct answer on the line before the number. 1. What is the sum of 8	Give the answer.  A. 12 + 0 =  B. If 4 + 8 = 12, what is 8 + 4?  C. Give the order property of 3 + 6 = 9	Solve the word problem.  Annie has 7 balloons while Marie has 5 blue balloons.  How many balloons do the two girls have altogether?  1. Asked:  2. Given:  3. Word clue:
Decidating Dearting	C. 8 + = 4 + 8 12 = 12 D. 4 + 5 = + 9 = 9 E. 8 + 2 = 2 + 8 =	3. What will you add to 0 to get the sum of 9? 4. What is 0 + 11? 5. What is the sum of 15 + 0 =?	<ul><li>D. What is the sum in 5 + 6 = 6 + 5?</li><li>E. What is 0 + 20?</li></ul>	4. Operation to be used:  5. Number sentence:  6. Solution:  7. Answer:
Additional Activities for Application or Remediation (if applicable)	1. Write 2 Addition sentences for the given pictures to show the Order Property of Addition.  a.  + _ = _ + _	1. Draw sets of toys to show the given addition sentence.  A. 8 + 0 = 8	Let the learners answer LAS 6 and 7	<ol> <li>Solve the word problem following the steps.</li> <li>Andrea picked 8 roses and 5 Rosal from the garden and placed them in her new vase. How many flowers are there in all in the vase?</li> <li>Let the learners answer LAS 4 Problem Solving 2)</li> </ol>







	b.	2. Let the learners answer LAS 3	
Remarks			
Reflection			

