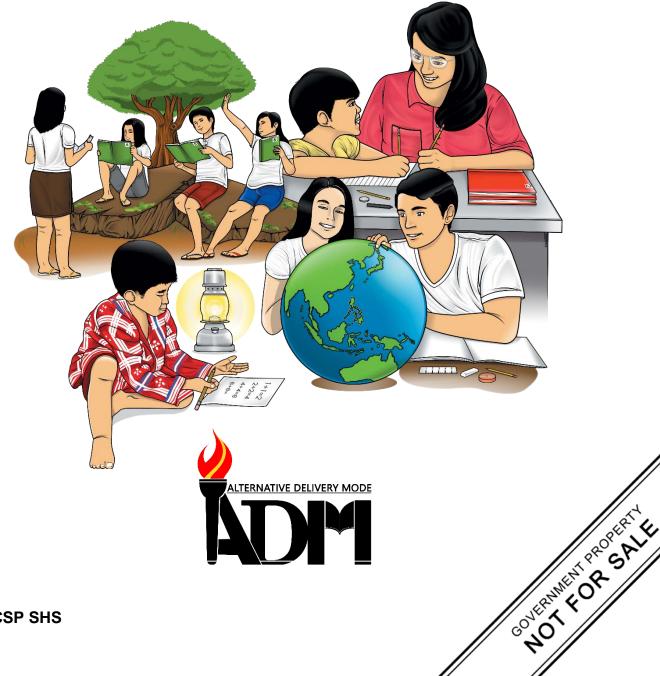


Understanding Culture, Society and Politics

Quarter 1 – Module 2: Concepts, Aspects, and Changes of Culture and Society



Understanding Culture, Society, and Politics Alternative Delivery Mode Quarter 1 – Module 2: Concepts, Aspects, and Changes in/of Culture and Society First Edition, 2021

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Understanding Culture, Society, and Politics

Quarter 1 – Module 2: Concepts, Aspects, and Changes of Culture and Society



Introductory Message

This Self-Learning Module (SLM) is prepared so that you, our dear learners, can continue your studies and learn while at home. Activities, questions, directions, exercises, and discussions are carefully stated for you to understand each lesson.

Each SLM is composed of different parts. Each part shall guide you step-bystep as you discover and understand the lesson prepared for you.

Pre-tests are provided to measure your prior knowledge on lessons in each SLM. This will tell you if you need to proceed on completing this module or if you need to ask your facilitator or your teacher's assistance for better understanding of the lesson. At the end of each module, you need to answer the post-test to self-check your learning. Answer keys are provided for each activity and test. We trust that you will be honest in using these.

In addition to the material in the main text, Notes to the Teacher are also provided to our facilitators and parents for strategies and reminders on how they can best help you on your home-based learning.

Please use this module with care. Do not put unnecessary marks on any part of this SLM. Use a separate sheet of paper in answering the exercises and tests. And read the instructions carefully before performing each task.

If you have any questions in using this SLM or any difficulty in answering the tasks in this module, do not hesitate to consult your teacher or facilitator.

Thank you.



What I Need to Know

This module was designed and written with you in mind. It is here to help you master the concepts of culture and society. The scope of this module permits it to be used in many different learning situations. The language used recognizes the diverse vocabulary level of students. The lessons are arranged to follow the standard sequence of the course. But the order in which you read them can be changed to correspond with the textbook you are now using.

The module presents the topics on:

- Society and Culture as A Complex Whole
- Aspects and Changes of Culture and Society

After going through this module, you are expected to:

- 1. explain concepts of culture and society and relate it to a real-life situation;
- 2. show deep appreciation on the collaboration between our culture and society by means of stating personal pledge;
- 3. trace terms that are related to the study of culture and the society, and give examples of such concepts;
- 4. analyze aspects of and changes in culture and society
- 5. appreciate the general characteristics of culture as means of enriching our own culture; and
- 6. write examples of real-life situations that best describe the characteristics of culture.



What I Know

General Direction: Read the following items carefully. Write the letter that corresponds to your answer on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1. Analyze all the given statements. Trace which one is the best description of the complexity of culture and society.
 - a. Society can exist without culture.
 - b. Culture can exist without society.
 - c. Society can operate without culture command.
 - d. People carry and transmit culture as members of society.
- 2. Culture is a way of life of people. According to Edward B. Tylor, culture is regarded as "a complex whole." The word "complex" is synonymous to the word

a. simple

b. plain d. easy

- 3. Which of the following choices is **not** part of the so-called concepts of culture?
 - a. Language c. Religion
 - b. Institution d. Traditions

4. Which of the following is **not** an example of culture?

- a. Fiesta c. Machines
- b. Courtship d. Emotions
- 5. Which statement is wrong about the concept of culture?
 - a. Culture is a way of life transmitted through social interaction.
 - b. Every society has its own distinctive culture.
 - c. Culture refers to group's ways of behaving and thinking.
 - d. Culture can evolve into anything.
- 6. How do we learn our culture?
 - a. through social interaction c. biologically inherited
 - b. by reading books

- d. All choices are correct.
- 7. All of the following items are parts of complexity in a society. Which one does not belong to the group?
 - a. Organization c. Food
 - b. Beliefs d. Symbols
- 8. Culture is a way of life of people. According to Edward B. Tylor, culture is regarded as "a complex whole." The word "complex" is synonymous to the word

a. simple

c.complicated

c. complicated

b. plain

d. easy

9. Edward B. Tylor described culture as "a complex whole." Which of the following choices supports Tylor's description on culture?

- a. Culture as a complex whole means it encompasses traits and values of the society.
- b. Culture as a complex whole means it includes laws and norms in the government.
- c. Culture as a complex whole means it deals with everything that a person learns and shares as a member of the society.
- d. Culture as a complex whole means it refers to the beliefs and traditions of modern Filipinos.
- 10. Culture is defined as the process through which human beings **satisfy their wants**. This statement simply means that culture is _____.
 - a. continuous c. social
 - b. gratifying d. transmitted
- 11. **"Culture is not something that an individual alone can possess."** Which characteristic or aspect of culture is best described by the said statement?
 - a. Culture is learned.
 - c. Culture is continuous.
 - b. Culture is shared. d. Culture is transmitted.
- 12. The following are all considered as **means of transmitting culture** among members of the society. Which one is the main vehicle of passing culture from one generation to another generation?
 - a. Instruction c. Language
 - b. Imitation d. Symbols
- 13. Culture **develops through social interaction**. No man can acquire culture without association with others. What aspect of culture is best suitable for this statement?
 - a. Culture is shared. c. Culture is transmitted.
 - b. Culture is social.

d. Culture is learned.

13-14. Which statements are **not** true about the aspects of culture in relation to society?

- a. Culture is shared and learned within societies.
- b. Culture is continuous and growing.
- c. There are known human societies that do not exhibit culture.
- d. Culture does not vary from society to society.
- 15. One of the characteristics of culture is being continuous and cumulative. No culture remains constant or unchanged; it is subject to slow but constant change. Culture is responsive to the changing conditions of the physical world; hence, it is dynamic. Which scenario below best fits as an example of the given statements on culture?
 - a. The Department of Education conducts learning instruction through blended learning modalities and not the face-to-face strategy which people are already used to.
 - b. The Department of Health pursues and promotes proper self-care or health care to avoid virus-related illnesses.
 - c. The Department of Interior and Local Government strictly implements directives on preventing drug-related activities and other correlated events.
 - d. The Department of Public Works and Highways pursues and supports the administration's "Build, Build, Build Program," in order to invite foreign and local investors.



This self-learning module will help you understand the concepts of culture and society. Particularly, you will learn culture and society as a complex whole, as well as other aspects. This module will help you understand culture as that field which encompasses beliefs, practices, values, attitudes, laws, norms, artifacts, symbols, knowledge, and everything that a person learns and shares as a member of society. In addition, the module will help you understand the features of culture and society, and the significant changes or transformation happening in the present society.

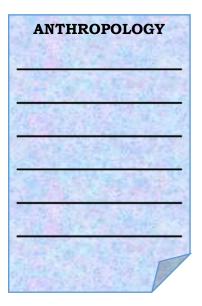
Activity 1 #LearningStationActivity

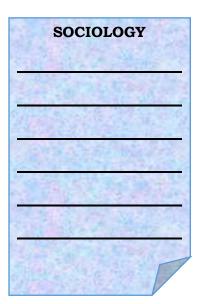
Directions: Based on the previous discussion, kindly recall ideas related to anthropology, sociology, and political science. Write them on the provided learning stations below.

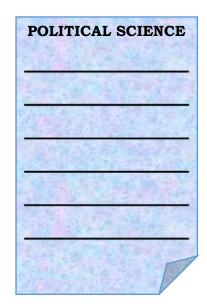
Station 1

Station 2

Station 3









What's New

Activity 2 #wordhunt101

Encircle the words related to the study of culture and society.

	S	А	F	U	R	Р	V	G	D	А	D	А
	Y	E	W	Z	D	R	А	S	М	R	V	Т
	М	K	В	R	Т	А	Y	Ι	0	Т	L	Т
	В	Р	Х	G	Н	С	В	K	N	Ι	0	Ι
	0	Т	R	А	Ι	Т	S	Q	А	F	S	Т
	L	Х	В	Е	L	Ι	Е	F	S	А	0	U
)	S	Z	В	Т	E	С	J	Y	U	С	L	D
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	E	G	В	Μ	Ι	S	V	А	L	U	E	S
5	S	С	Κ	L	А	W	S	М	S	V	D	G

Activity 3 #situation-analysis

Analyze each situation. Identify the features of culture described in each statement. In addition, the jumbled letters on the right will be your guide in identifying these characteristics.

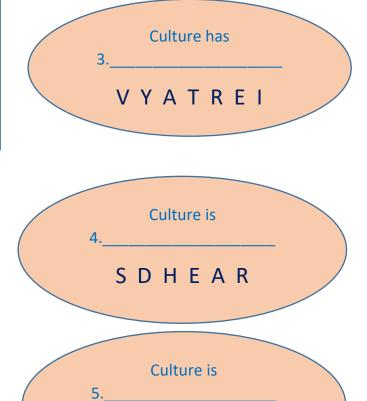
Evangelista family was known for their religiosity. Francis, the youngest of the family, learned how to pray the Holy Rosary and the "Oracion" at the age of 10. According to him, his grandparents were the ones who taught him the proper way of praying.

Marco didn't know how to speak Tagalog well, not until he met his new circle of friends. They were speaking the said language. His usual interactions and bonding with them made him well versed in such language, making him a good communicator in Filipino.

The way Filipinos celebrate New Year is truly different from the way Chinese conduct the same event. Pinoys have it every end of December, while Chinese hold it by the month of February. In this manner, the two races are observing different beliefs, practices, and traditions.

A gay fashion designer, Roberta, migrated in the U.S.A since 2001. This year, he visited his former employer in the Philippines to be the guest speaker of an event. Roberta was able to introduce new fashion techniques he had learned from the States.

Karlo and Andrea used to celebrate birthdays, Valentines, Christmas, and New Year together. These celebrations had been part of their life as sweethearts, making their life satisfied and ideal.



GRAGINTIFY

Culture is

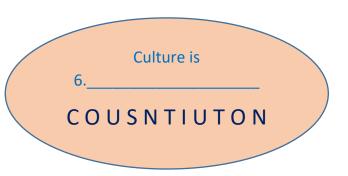
ELEADRN

Culture is

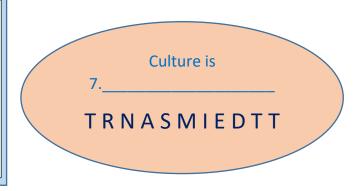
SLOACI

2.__

Mrs. Isabella owned a famous restaurant in their hometown. Its bestsellers were the unique recipes of bulalo and kare-kare. According to her, their family managed to run the business despite all the challenges. In fact, she inherited the business from her great grandmother.



Anselmo is a proud grandfather to his 12 grandchildren. He often shared his childhood experiences with them including stories during the old times. He also demonstrated Filipino values such as saying "po & opo", pagmamano, etc. All these traits were being transferred to and practiced by his grandchildren.





What is It

Activity 4

Did you have a hard time looking for words pertaining to culture and society? Now let's try to go deeper. Analyze the following questions and write your answers on the space provided.

1. How are the words in your activity connected to the study of culture and society? Try to compare the way of life then and now, are there any changes in our culture in the society?

Answer: _____

2. Can culture and society function well without these things (aspects of culture)? State your own analysis on this?

3. How do you define the terms "culture" and "society"? You can cite some instances.

Answer:	

4. Can a society function without culture, or can a culture exist without society? Why?

Answer: _____

5. What are the characteristics or aspects of culture? Please enumerate them on the space provided.



6. How can these characteristics of culture help us in appreciating our culture & society?

Answer: _____

7. Mahatma Gandhi once said, "A nation's culture resides in the heart and in the soul of its people". How will you interpret this quote based from your keen observations in our society?

Answer: _____



In this part of your journey, we provide something for you to deepen your understanding about culture.

Please continue reading with comprehension as you discover further knowledge that will help you out in your quest on the remaining phases of this lesson.

HAPPY READING!

CULTURE and SOCIETY as a COMPLEX WHOLE

Edward Tylor, one of the founders of modern anthropology, characterize culture as a "complex whole" which encompasses beliefs, practices, traits, values, attitudes, laws, norms, artifacts, symbols, knowledge and everything that a person learns and shares as a member of the society.¹

The "complex whole" above suggests that culture cannot be simply broken down into a set of characteristics. It means that an understanding of a part can only be achieved in relation to other parts of the system. This requires an approach where all at once, one can get an appreciation of what culture is all about without being bothered by its complexity or by any definition that attempts to capture such complexity.

A society cannot exist apart from culture. A society may refer to group of people that follows or shares same cultures. People, as members of the society, possess, produce and also transmit culture but they cannot consider themselves as culture. No culture can exist without social interaction in society; meanwhile, society cannot exist in the absence of people who have learned to live and work together.

> ¹G.M. Lanuaza and S.S.Raymundo, Understanding Culture, Society, and Politics Manila: Rex Boolstore, 2016, 7-12.





In this part of your journey, we provide something for you to deepen your understanding about culture.

Please continue reading with comprehension as you discover further knowledge that will help you out in your quest on the remaining phases of this lesson.

HAPPY READING!

CHARACTERISTICS of CULTURE

- 1. Culture is social because it is the product of behavior.
 - Culture does not exist in isolation. It is a product of society. It develops through social interaction. No man can acquire culture without association with others.



- 2. Culture varies from society to society.
 - Every society has a culture of its own that differs from other societies. The culture of every society is unique by itself. Cultures are not uniform. Cultural elements like customs, traditions, morals, values, and beliefs are not constant.



- 3. Culture is shared.
 - Culture is not something that an individual alone can possess. Culture, in sociological sense, is shared. For example, people of a society share all customs, traditions, beliefs, ideas, values, morals, etc.



- 4. Culture is learned.
 - Culture is not inborn. It is learned. Unlearned behavior then, is not culture. Shaking hands, saying thanks, etc. are cultural behaviors. Not all behaviors are learned, but most of these can be. Combing hair, standing in line, telling

jokes, criticizing the president, and going to movies all constitute behaviors that need to be learned.



- 5. Culture is transmitted among members of society.
 - Cultural ways are learned by people from others. Many of these ways are handed down from elders, parents, teachers, and others (most likely individuals of older generation), while other cultural behaviors are handed up to elders. Transmission of culture is made possible by **language**. Language is the main vehicle of culture. Transmission of culture may take place also through **imitation** as well as through **instruction**.



- 6. Culture is continuous and cumulative.
 - Culture exists as a continuous process. In its historical growth, it tends to become cumulative. Ralph Linton called culture "the social heritage" of man. No culture ever remains constant or permanent. It is subject to slow but constant variation. Likewise, culture is responsive to the changing conditions of the physical world; hence, it is dynamic.
- 7. Culture is gratifying and idealistic.
 - Culture provides proper opportunities for the satisfaction of our needs and desires. Our needs, both biological and social, are fulfilled in cultural ways. Culture consists of the intellectual, artistic, and social ideals, and institutions where members of the society profess and strive to confirm.



² G.M. Lanuaza and S.S.Raymundo, Understanding Culture, Society, and Politics Manila: Rex Bookstore, 2016, 7-12.



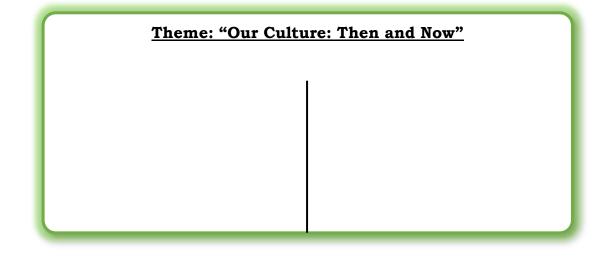
What's More

Activity 5 #illustrativecollagecrafting

Create your own illustrative collage that depicts your comparative perspective on the concept of culture and society. Focus on the theme. After doing the collage, complete the statement below the box.

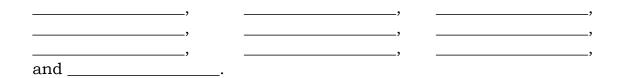
Rubrics

Content relevance 6 pts. Creativity <u>4 pts</u>. 10 pts.



Guide Questions:

A. What composes our culture? Complete the statement. Culture and society as a complex whole means it encompasses the



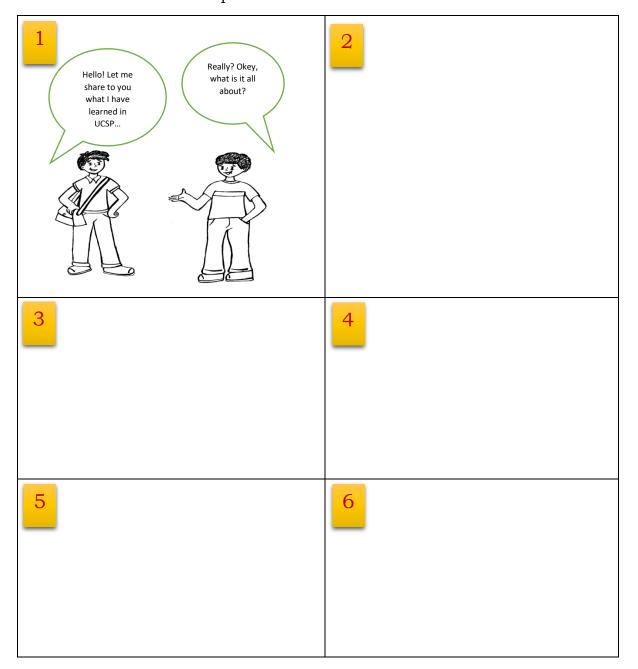
B. Can you say that changes exist in our society's culture? How did you say so? You can cite examples or situations.

Activity 6 #comicstrips

Create a "convo" (conversation) regarding the different aspects of society and their significant changes or transformation happening in our present way of living. Craft your own comic strip as if you are sharing it to a dear friend or classmate.

Rubric	s

Content of Comic s	strip 8 pts.
Creativity	4 pts.
Convo flow	<u>3 pts.</u>
	15 pts.





What I Have Learned

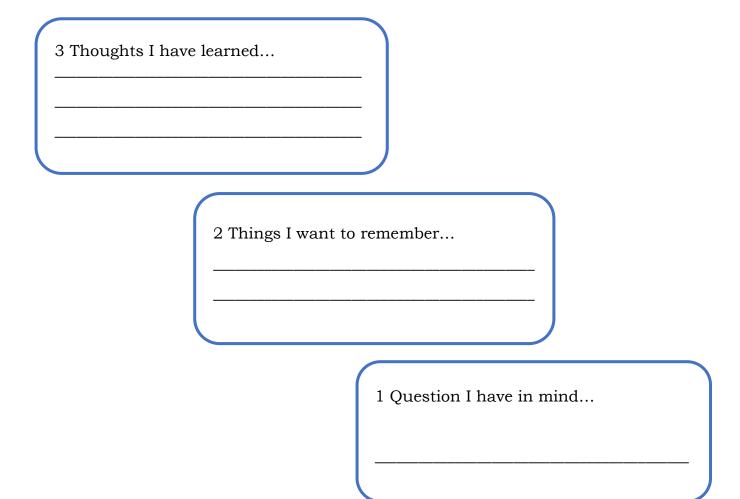
Activity 7 #Let'sSumUp!

After learning concepts from the previous phases of the module, answer the "**EXIT CARD**" and write down your thoughts on the blanks.

Exit Card – 3 Thoughts that you have learned today

2 Things that you want to remember

1 Question you still have in mind



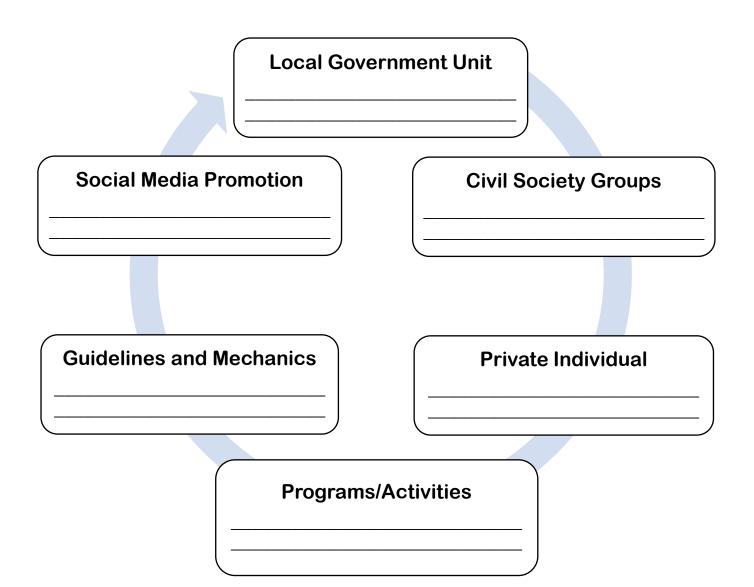


What I Can Do

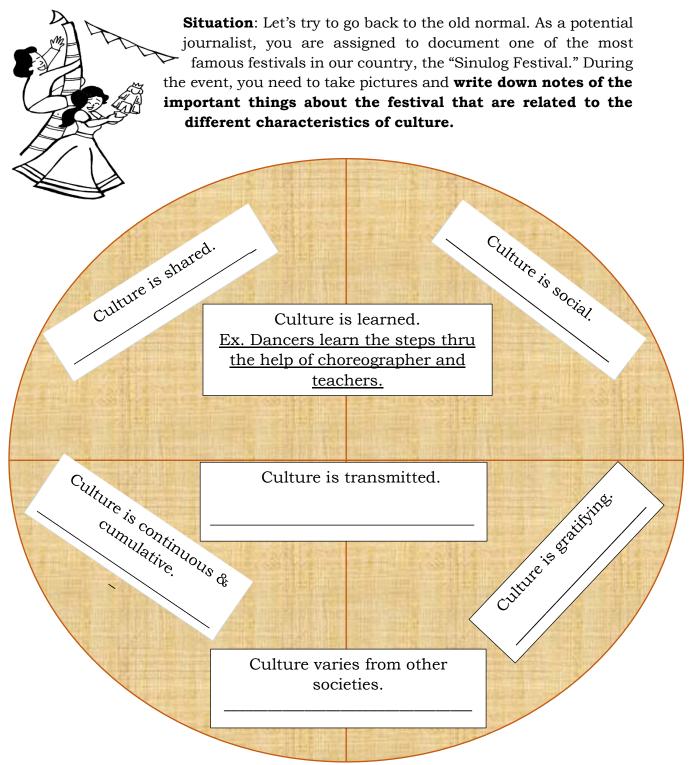


Activity 8 #Virtualfest&festival

Situation: A virtual cook fest & arts festival shall be held. You are the Sangguniang Kabataan (SK) chairperson in your barangay. At the same time, you are elected as the president of the Sangguniang Kabataan (SK) Federation in your municipality/city. You are tasked to be the coordinator in the upcoming <u>"Cook Fest and Arts Festivals".</u> Write down your plans and major directions to the following institutions or committees in order to make the program organized and well-coordinated. Use the spaces provided.



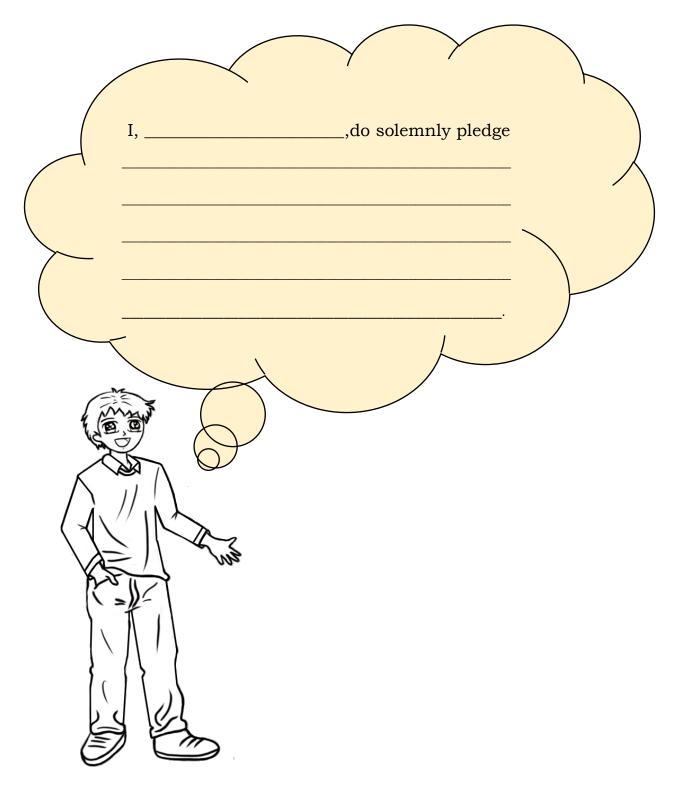
Activity 8 #i-cover "Sinulog Festival"



REFLECTION

#mypledge

Make your own pledge by stating your deep appreciation of the collaboration between our culture and society as means of developing harmonious relationship among people in the society.





General Direction: Read the following items carefully. Write the letter that corresponds to your answer on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1. Sinulog Festival is Cebuano's way of honoring Sto. Nino; Pangasinan's Bangus festival signifies their bountiful harvest of fishes particularly bangus; meanwhile, Bicolano's "Bicol express" truly marks their "Uragon" (courageous) style because of the spiciness and hotness of the said food. The mentioned traditions represent culture as being
 - a. symbolic c. encompassing b. integrated d. learned
- 2. Mang Isko and Aling Perla used to have a family devotion (prayer) every Saturday. They demonstrate and explain to their children the reason for having deep faith to God. What aspect of culture is best suitable for this situation?
 - a. Culture is shared. c. Culture is transmitted.
 - b. Culture is social.
- 3. Maharlika is a young woman of Agta tribe. She is excellent in performing their ethnic dance. According to her, the elders in their tribe transferred the steps of the dance to her. What characteristic or aspect of culture is being referred to by this experience?
 - a. Culture is learned.
- c. Culture is continuous.

d. Culture is learned.

- b. Culture is shared.
- d. Culture is transmitted.
- 4. The following are all considered as means of transmitting culture among members of the society. Which one is the main vehicle of passing culture from one generation to another generation?
 - a. Instruction

c. Language

d. transmitted

- b. Imitation
- 5. Pinoys are fond of singing and listening to music. Before, people used to do sing-a-long with a jukebox, then it was changed to karaoke, and now, most people sing their favorite songs in videoke. Their ways of enjoying music has gone through changes but still lives up until today. Therefore, culture is
 - a. learned c. continuous
 - b. shared
- 6. In the United States, once a person reached the age of 18, he/she can live freely outside the guidance of parents, while here in the Philippines, we are family-oriented, meaning some are free to live with parents until they grow old. This statement simply means that culture is _
 - a. Culture is continuous.
- c. Culture is social.
- b. Culture is varied. d. Culture is transmitted.

- d. Symbols

- 7. Gentriseños are known for celebrating the Valenciana festival. In times of barangay fiestas, people actively participate in the so-called "karakul." Carmela has observed this specific way of life of the Gentriseños since childhood. At present, this custom is still embedded in her heart. This story tells us that culture is acquired by being bornt into a particular society. What aspect of culture does it describe?
 - a. symbolic

c. encompassing

b. intergrated

d. learned

- 8. One of the characteristics of culture is being continuous and cumulative. No culture remains constant or unchanged; it is subject to slow but constant change. Culture is responsive to the changing conditions of the physical world; hence, it is dynamic. Which scenario below best fits as an example of the given statements on culture?
 - a. The Department of Education conducts learning instruction through blended learning modalities and not the face-to-face strategy which people are already used to.
 - b. The Department of Health pursues and promotes proper self-care or health care to avoid virus-related illnesses.
 - c. The Department of Interior and Local Government strictly implements directives on preventing drug-related activities and many other correlated events.
 - d. The Department of Public Works and Highways pursues and supports the administration's "Build, Build, Build Program," in order to invite foreign and local investors.
- 9. Which of the following refers to the "way of life" of individuals in a community?
 - a. Society c. Manner
 - b. Culture d. Organization
- 10._____ cannot exist apart from culture. It is an organized group of individuals who share common/related manner of living.
 - a. Institution c. Organization
 - b. Corporation d. Society
- 11. Which of the following words can best describe culture and society as a complex whole?
 - a. interdependent

c. interrelated

b. interactive

d. All choices are correct.

- 12. Analyze all the given statements. Trace which one is the best statement about the complexity of culture and society.
 - a. Society can exist without culture.
 - b. Culture can exist without society.
 - c. Society can operate without culture command.
- 13.People carry and transmit culture, but they are not culture. Edward B. Tylor described culture as "a complex whole." Which of the following choices supports Tylor's description of culture?
 - a. Culture as complex whole means it encompasses traits and values of the society.
 - b. Culture as complex whole means it includes laws and norms in the government.

- c. Culture as complex whole means it deals with everything that a person learns and shares as a member of the society.
- d. Culture as complex whole means it refers to the beliefs and traditions of modern Filipinos.
- 14. Which statement is wrong about the concept of culture?
 - a. Culture is a way of life transmitted through social interaction.
 - b. Every society has its own distinctive culture.
 - c. Culture refers to a group's ways of behaving and thinking.
 - d. Culture can evolve into anything.
- 15.Does culture affect our lives in terms of the way we view society and interact with other people?
 - a. Yes
 - a. No

c. Uncertain

d. Maybe



#i-can-FILL-it!

Complete the following phrases...

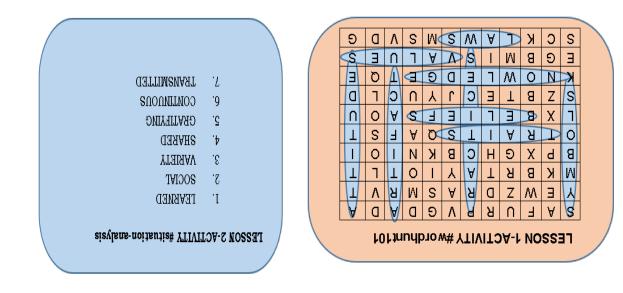
Culture will never be a culture without
·

Society	will	not	exist	without	 	 _
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12. V 14. D 14. D 13. C 14. D 10. D 8. D 8. D 8. D 8. D 9. B 7. D 8. D 8. C 9. B 7. C 9. B 7. C 9. B 7. C 9. B 7. C	Lesson 1 only Note: In any order 1. Beliefs 2. Practices 3. Traits 4. Values 5. Attitudes 6. Laws 7. Norms 8. Artifacts 8. Artifacts 9. Symbols 9. Symbols 10. Knowledge	12' D 14' D/C 13' C/D 13' C/D 10' B 11' C 6' C 2' V 9' C 2' V 9' C 1' C 1' C
Jn9m22922A	Ућаť'я Моте	What I Know

21

LESSON – Answer Key





Answer Key

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